

Advanced Boiling Water Reactor (ABWR)

Technology, Schedule, and Cost Confidence

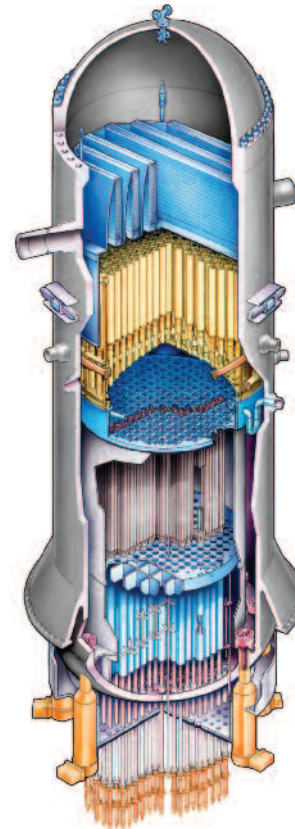
The Advanced Boiling Water Reactor (ABWR) is the foundation of GEH's nuclear reactor portfolio. The Gen III design is available today to meet power generation needs ranging from 1350 to 1460 MW net. It delivers proven advanced technology and competitive economics.

ABWR already has an impressive track record. GEH's first ABWR began commercial operation at Kashiwazaki-Kariwa in Japan, in 1996. Since then, three additional plants are operating in Japan with another under construction in Japan, and two in Taiwan. Nine more units are planned in Japan and two units are planned in the U.S. The ABWR is licensed in Japan, Taiwan, and the U.S.

The ABWR is a direct cycle Light Water Reactor that reflects 50 years of continued evolution from GEH's initial BWR concept—combining the best features from our worldwide BWR fleet. Our well-established, global supply chain is already qualified and prepared today to support deployment of new nuclear power plants.

Benefits and Features of the ABWR Over Previous BWR Designs

- Improved safety, reliability, operability, and maintainability
- Demonstrated reduction in capital and O & M costs
- Proven advanced reactor technology and performance enhancements
- Shorter construction time of approximately 39 months from first concrete to first fuel load proven in Japan



Technology Enhancements that Improve Performance

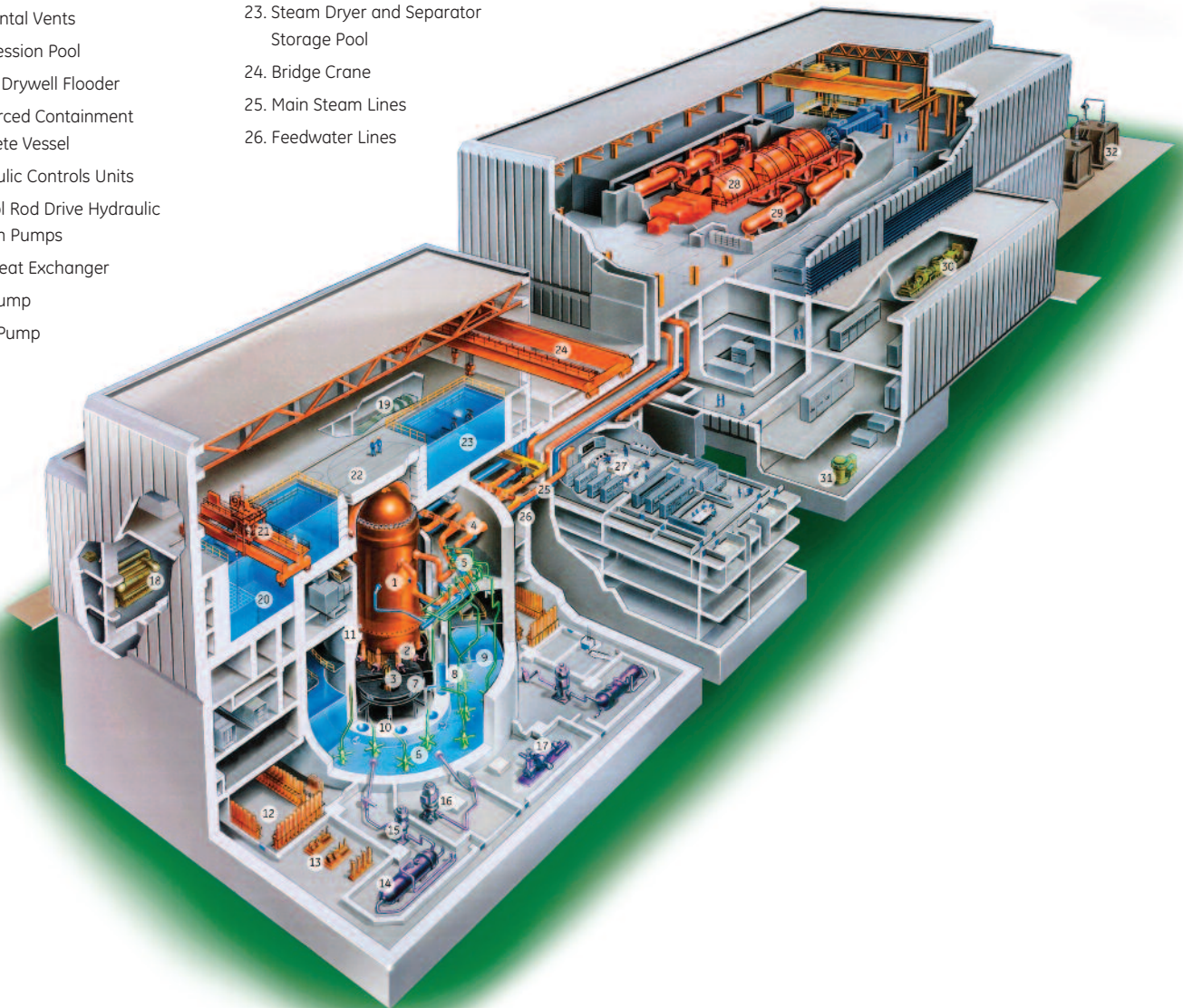
- **Reactor internal pumps** – improved safety and performance by eliminating external recirculation systems
- **Integrated containment and reactor building** – improved seismic response, compact, and easier to construct
- **Compact reactor building** – less construction material and shorter construction times
- **Optimized modularization** – module designs refined and proven in real installations
- **Sophisticated control systems** – fully digital, providing reliable and accurate plant monitoring, control, and diagnostics
- **High integrity fuel, improved water chemistry, and radiation source elimination** – reduced radwaste and occupational exposure



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ABWR Plant Layout

- | | | |
|--|--|----------------------------------|
| 1. Reactor Pressure Vessel | 17. RCIC Steam Turbine and Pump | 27. Main Control Room |
| 2. Reactor Internal Pumps | 18. Diesel Generator | 28. Turbine-Generator |
| 3. Fine Motion Control Rod Drives | 19. Standby Gas Treatment Filter and Fans | 29. Moisture Separator Reheater |
| 4. Main Steam Isolation Valves | 20. Spent Fuel Storage Pool | 30. Combustion Turbine Generator |
| 5. Safety/Relief Valves (SRV) | 21. Refueling Platform | 31. Air Compressor and Dryers |
| 6. SRV Quenchers | 22. Shield Blocks | 32. Switchyard |
| 7. Lower Drywell Equipment Platform | 23. Steam Dryer and Separator Storage Pool | |
| 8. Horizontal Vents | 24. Bridge Crane | |
| 9. Suppression Pool | 25. Main Steam Lines | |
| 10. Lower Drywell Flooder | 26. Feedwater Lines | |
| 11. Reinforced Containment Concrete Vessel | | |
| 12. Hydraulic Controls Units | | |
| 13. Control Rod Drive Hydraulic System Pumps | | |
| 14. RHR Heat Exchanger | | |
| 15. RHR Pump | | |
| 16. HPCF Pump | | |



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